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ROBERT C. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Resist with care the spirit of innovation upon the principles of your Government, however specious the pretexts.—Washington.

VOL. XXVIII. GETTYSBURG, PA. MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1848. NO. 7.

POETRY.

"PRAY WITHOUT CEASING."

L. THRES.—5. 17.

When morning is rising o'er mountain and lawn,
And every thing waketh to welcome the dawn,
When far down the valley the miste fly
Arouse thee from slumber, arouse thee and pray.

And when the still moon in its beauty draws
And nature seems ready to languish and die,
Then halt on thy march in the heat of the day,
Then lift up thy thoughts to thy Father, and pray.

When evening descends like a spirit of peace,
And labor and tumult grow fainter and cease,
When night cometh down in her starry array,
Then haste to the God of thy spirit, and pray.

Remember His goodness, whose hand has
Each want of thy bosom, nor ever denied
The smiles of His bounty to gladden thy way,
Remember His goodness, and gratefully pray.

Oh, pray to Him always—in sorrow or joy,
When peace is around thee, or troubles annoy,
The light of His presence the storm shall allay,
Or temper thy gladness—then constantly pray.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Press on!

This is a speech, brief but full of inspiration, and opening the way to all victory. The mystery of Napoleon's career was this—under all difficulties and discouragements, "Press on!" It solves the problem of all heroes—it is the rule by which to weigh right from wrong, and to triumph over all obstacles of fortune and genius. It should be the motto of all old and young, high and low, fortunate and unfortunate, so called.

"Press on!" Never despair; never be discouraged, however stormy the heavens, however dark the way, however great the difficulties, and repeated the failures—"Press on!"

If fortune has played false with thee to-day, do thou play true for thyself to-morrow. If thy riches have taken wings and left thee, do not weep thy life away; but be up and doing, and retrieve the loss by new energy and action. If an unfortunate bargain has deranged thy business, do not fold thine arms, and give up all as lost; but stir thyself, and work the more vigorously.

If there whom thou hast trusted have betrayed thee, do not be discouraged. Do not idly weep, but "Press on," and others; or, what is better, learn to live with thyself. Let the foolishness of yesterday make thee wise to-day. If thy affections have been poured out as water in the desert, do not sit down and perish of thirst; but "Press on," a beautiful oasis is before thee, and thou mayest reach it if thou wilt. If another has been false to thee, do not thou increase the evil by being false to thyself. Do not say the world hath lost all its poetry; it is not so; but even if it be so, make thine own poetry and beauty, by a brave and true life.

"Press on," say we to every man and woman for on this depend success, peace, life! Work while it is day, for the night cometh in which thou shalt have rest enough. Thy hand is to the plough—look not back forevermore till thy work is done.—*Star of Bethlehem.*

An Inch of Time.

Millions of money for an inch of time, cried Elizabeth—the gifted but ambitious Queen of England, upon her dying bed. Unhappy woman! reclining upon a couch—with ten thousand dresses in her wardrobe—a kingdom on which the sun never sets—at her feet—all are now valueless, and she shrieks in anguish, and she shrieks in vain, for a single "inch of time." She had enjoyed three score and ten years—like too many among us, she had so devoted them to wealth, to pleasure, to pride and ambition, that her whole preparation for eternity was provided in her final moments! and hence she, who had wasted more than half a century, would barter millions for an inch of time.

Few people are aware of the importance to health of ventilating sleeping apartments. It is said that some years ago not less than 1444 infants out of 7650 died in the Dublin Lying-in Hospital in the space of four years, within a fortnight after their birth. It was at last suspected that this great mortality was owing to a want of fresh air, and accordingly a complete system of ventilation was adopted. The result was, the proportion of deaths was reduced to 279.

True Piety.

The young men of Mohave have a project on foot to raise by subscription the sum of \$500 for the purchase of the Rev. Jefferson Hamer, of the Methodist Episcopal Church of this city. The governing motives in this patriotic enterprise, as stated by the Daily Alta, are that he has been the only regular stationed Protestant Clergyman in this country, for many years, and that he has been the only one who has not been driven out by the Indians.

Marriage Fees in Coon Skins.

A correspondent of the Richmond Compiler states that the following anecdote was related to him at a wedding party:

The conversation turned on the "hard times," and to rally the groom he remarked that times were so hard in Virginia that young people, though ever so loving and matrimonially disposed, could not get married. But our landlord remarked that the years 1821 and 1822 in Indiana and Kentucky, were still harder if possible; for he had then to perform the marriage ceremony, and take his fees in "coon skins!"—that twelve skins was his regular price, and as he was a hatter by trade, and it soon became known that he would marry for coon skins, he did a large business both at hating and marrying.

Many a runaway couple," said the ex-Squire, "from Kentucky have I married for coon skins." They frequently brought them," continued he, "on horseback, rolled up, and tied behind them, like a great coat." We were all in a roar of laughter, and thought him joking; but he affirmed it to be literally true, that he had married at least 50 couples for coon skins, and that he had more marriage ceremonies to perform than any other Justice, from this circumstance—or rather, to use his own words, "I got all the marrying, because I would take coon skins!"

A Hebrew Wedding.

A Hebrew wedding took place on Wednesday in the Synagogue in Crosby street, New York, where Mr. T. J. Seixas was united to Miss Anna Judah; Rev. J. Lyons officiated as Priest, assisted by a Philadelphia brother. The Tribune says the ceremonies were most impressive to the large congregation of gentiles whose curiosity had drawn them to the sacred edifice, which is rarely opened to any but the faithful on such occasions. A long recitative in Hebrew was chanted by the priest, from the altar, after which a canopy 120 years old, resting on four uprights, was brought out, and the parties took their station under it and were united. A ring was given a glass of wine drunk by the wedded pair, the glass broken, with some chanting intermingled, and the ceremony declared complete.

A novel work is forthcoming from the pen of William Hodgson, Esq. late American Consul at Mogadore, upon the character and condition of that singular tribe of the African race, the Foulahs, who claim to be whites, and whose complexion varies from bright copper color and bronze, to pure white. They inhabit a region of 700,000 square miles in extent from the mouth of the Senegal and Senegambia on the west, to the kingdoms of Bornoe and Mandara on the east—from the Desert of Sahara on the north, to the mountains of Guinea on the south. In religion they are Mohammedans, which itself indicates civilization. In physical characteristics they occupy a position between the Arab and the Negro, but esteem themselves superior to both. It is suggested that when civilized they may be made the means of destroying the slave trade, through their influence upon the tribes of Central Africa.

Duel.

An affair of honor came off yesterday between two gentlemen of this city, which happily terminated without injury to either party. The terms of the meeting, as we were informed, were two pistols to each principal, distance ten paces—to fire at the word, between the counts of one and twenty. One of the parties fired his first pistol immediately after receiving the word, and missed; the shot was returned, which also missed. The gentleman who had fired first, then discharged his second pistol, but again without effect. His antagonist, who then had him in his power, deliberately raised his pistol, aimed for a moment, but finding the other standing bravely up to receive his shot, he magnanimously turned to his second, and handed him the weapon!—*N. O. Pic.*

Brilliant Discovery.

A fellow named Snider, "run his credit" recently at New Haven, for some weeks, mainly on the strength of a mahogany box, purporting to be full of wealth, sealed and deposited in the county bank. On Thursday it was unsealed and solemnly opened in the presence of the authorities. It was found to contain some old newspapers, three cents, and half a late Morning Courier! So says that paper.

A paper was recently read before the French Academy, to prove the existence of copper in the human body, in its normal state. It was known before that there is no lack of brass in many cases, and it is now proved that the same is true of copper.

Miscellaneous.

Arrived at Sag Harbor, bringing intelligence that information had been received at Bay of Islands from the file—north of the Bay of Islands, that some of the Indians, left there in 1833, were still living, and that they were in good health, and that they were still in possession of their land.

A man has a right to be proud of any thing, it is a good and noble thing, it ought to be, without any base interest, looking at the bottom of it.

According to the census of 1840, there were 700,000 persons in the United States, and 1,500,000 in the world.

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RUSTICATING.

A humorous correspondent of the New Orleans Picayune, writing from some unheard of place in Missouri, enlightens the newspaper reading public, touching one of the modes in which loafers pick up a living. He says:

About two months since there strayed to this village from parts unknown, a "customer," who immediately attracted the attention of our orderly-loving, peace-preserving gentry. He was evidently of the "Dicky Doo" class, but what rendered him particularly the object of attention was a head from one "half" of which all "unbragousness" was shorn, while the other half boasted a ruff of some six inches in length, fiery red, and as the moustache of a grizzly bear. When we add to this peculiarity a coat parading some of the characteristics of a certain many colored garment we read in scripture, we need scarcely wonder that the gentleman was soon lit upon as an escaped "jail bird," one perhaps who had flown from the strong cage at Jefferson City. He was soon, consequently, arrested, and as his answers were anything but satisfactory, he was accommodated with quarters in our county jail. The keeper of the State Penitentiary was written to, but his reply threw no light upon the subject; more over the wrong side of his head was shaved, and he could not possibly belong to that establishment. Letters were next addressed to the keepers of the other Penitentiaries in neighboring States; but with like success. What was to be done? The only alternative now seemed a writ of habeas corpus, and a subsequent inquiry for vagrancy. Accordingly "hopeful" was brought forth, and the following dialogue ensued between himself and "his honor," previous to further proceedings:

Justice.—What is your name, sirrah?

Prisoner.—Puddin', sir!

J.—Puddin'? That is a strange name!

P.—Is that all?

J.—No—they sometimes calls me Puddin' and Fame!

J.—Stranger still! Well, what is your employment—how do you obtain a living?

P.—A livin'? Oh, that's easy; sometimes by doin' things "long shore," sometimes by rustication. I'm rusticationing now—though I commonly do that in the winter, 'ceptin' when I go South?

J.—Rusticationing! what do you mean by that? Explain yourself.

P.—Why, rusticationing is coming the thing over the verdant—enkin' the green ups—goin' into retirecy, as the news-papers say.

J.—Come, come, Mr. What if ye call um, you must be more explicit. Speak in plain English, or I will at once commit you as a vagrant.

P.—Jist as you please, Judge—I'm not at all tired of rusticationing, yet, as the better feller aint over down south, I expect, and this here's a werry agreeable place, especially as you gives us coffee.

J.—Then you are pleased with your situation?

P.—Werry much, I assure you; and as you're a clever sort of a covey, considering, I'll tell you all about it—'cept un' the long shore business, which belongs to the craft, and I won't dwell on it, no, I'm a man of honor! But, as I was sayin', the rustication business is mine—that's my own business, and I hope you won't 'tall me, as nobody knows that branch of the profession but me, and I don't want to let it out yet.

J.—Proceed, I am all attention.

P.—Well, see, when I get tired of the long shore business, which for certain reasons, gives sometimes unpleasant results, I take this here hair, like this fashion, and turns this here coat, erlier like the pollyushuna does, one half-way; and then the people thinks I'm a convict, and gives me quarters, till they finds out they've been come it over, like you see, then they gives me a kick, and sets me loose again, and I come over again, and I can't almost always reflects the country for my operations, as they haint got no treatmills, and gives good provisions; that's the reason I call it rusticationing!

It need scarcely be added that Mr. Puddin' and Fame received notice to quit.

A Drunken Murderer.

The Providence Chronicle gives the following instance of the horrible effects of intemperance, which occurred in that city last week. A fine little girl of five years of age was severely beaten, as was supposed by its mother, as to cause its death. From the evidence before the coroner's jury, it appears that on Wednesday night of last week, the mother of the child, whose name is Lynch, was conversing with some colored men, and the child having given some offence, was most brutally beaten. On Friday morning the child was found dead in its bed, with blood running out of its mouth, nose and ears, the body covered with bruises, and its clothing sticking to the walls of its bed. One of the women who was with it, and who was severely bruised, testified that the girl was that the child came to its death by being so severely beaten. The mother, however, is a wicked creature, and is now in a state of mind that renders her incapable of any rational conduct. She is now in a state of mind that renders her incapable of any rational conduct.

The daughter of C. C. Carroll, Esq., narrowly escaped death on Monday evening. While returning from school, and near the corner of Sixth and Market streets, she was run over by Dr. Simmons' gig. The Doctor was endeavoring to stop his horse, and shouted to her to run out of the way, her companions were calling her at the same time, but he continued the road until the horse knocked her down, and the Doctor was obliged to stop.

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Arrival of the Britannia.
FIFTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Important news from China—Ratification of the Treaty—Important news from Ireland—Proclamation of the Queen—Address of O'Connell and others.

The steamer Britannia, Captain J. Hewitt, arrived at East Boston, at half past eight o'clock on Saturday evening, bringing London papers to October 18th, and Liverpool papers to the 19th. She has brought 96 passengers from Liverpool, and 25 from Halifax, and left eight at Halifax.

The Britannia brings news of a good deal of interest of the state of affairs in Great Britain, as well as from China. In Ireland, the agitation seems to have received a check, in the peaceful arrest of O'Connell and several of his followers, on a charge of conspiracy to excite sedition; and their giving bail for their appearance for trial on the 21st of November. A large military force was assembled in Ireland for the support of the civil government, should their interference be necessary. The disturbances in Wales seem to have in some measure abated. The state of commercial affairs was improved.

Large operations in cotton had taken place at an advance of one quarter of a penny on previous advices, but the news carried out by the California caused a decline on the 18th of an eighth of a penny from the highest point.

The overland mail from India had arrived, bringing intelligence from China that the ratifications of the treaty with England had been exchanged, and a commercial treaty of the most favorable character had been agreed on. By this treaty the whole system of fees and presents is abolished. The Hong merchants' debts have been paid up. The trade is open to all nations as well as to the English, but it is not yet known whether any but the English are to have Consuls at the four ports.

The accounts from Spain are that martial law had been proclaimed throughout Catalonia; that Saragossa was rigidly blockaded; and that Madrid was still uneasy.

The troubles in Greece are not at an end, and it is believed that King Otto will be compelled to abdicate. His mission to the demands of the revolution is deemed hopeless and insincere. The latest accounts from Syria represent that country as generally tranquil, though there were occasional indications that the old feud between the Druses and Christians was not entirely healed.

Mr. Cushing, our Minister to China, arrived at Alexandria in the steamer Orient, on the 10th of September. He had an audience with the Viceroy, and left on the same day for Suëz, whence he was to proceed to Bombay in the monthly steamer, expecting there to meet the American squadron ready to receive him, and to convey him to China.

IRELAND.

The Government has at length thought proper to take some active steps, repressive of the Irish agitation for the Repeal of the Union. On Sunday, the 8th inst., a great Repeal demonstration was to have taken place at Conquer Hill, Clontarf, about three miles north of Dublin. The Repeal Association issued rules to be observed by the "Repeal Cavalry." Regulations, wands and cordons were to be furnished to those who volunteered; and the notification, which was drawn up to resemble a military general order, laid down rules for the formation of troops for "muster march and parade," so as to prepare as solidary a display as possible.

It was ordained, however, that all these preparations should be for nothing. A Cabinet Council was held on Monday, and Earl de Grey was known, on the same day, to have had an interview with Sir Robert Peel. Soon afterwards the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Chancellor Sugden, and the Earl of Cardigan went over to Ireland, a regiment of Infantry was ordered to Dublin, from Northampton, and another from Glasgow, and a movement of importance was generally anticipated.

The Lord Lieutenant, on his arrival in the capital on Friday, immediately summoned a meeting of the Privy Counsellors and law officers. They sat in long and earnest deliberation, and it was determined that a proclamation should be put forth forbidding the meeting at Clontarf. A proclamation was subsequently submitted, but disapproved. Another was framed, adopted and signed. It appeared on Saturday afternoon, as follows:

By the Lord Lieutenant and Council of Ireland:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas it has been publicly announced that a meeting is to take place at or near Clontarf, on Sunday, the 8th of October instant, for the alleged purpose of petitioning Parliament for a repeal of the legislative union between Great Britain and Ireland:

And whereas advertisements and placards have been printed and extensively circulated, calling on those persons who propose to attend the said meeting on that day, to meet and form in procession, and to march to said meeting in military order and array:

And whereas meetings of large numbers of persons have been already held in different parts of Ireland under the like pretence, at several of which meetings language of a seditious and inflammatory nature has been addressed to the persons there assembled, calculated and intended to excite discontent and disaffection in the minds of her Majesty's subjects; and to bring into hatred and contempt the Government and Constitution of the country, as by law established:

And whereas at some of the said meetings such seditious and inflammatory language has been used by persons who have signified their intention of being present at, and taking part in the said meeting, as announced to be held at or near Clontarf:

And whereas the said intended meeting is calculated to excite reasonable and well-grounded apprehension that the motives and objects of the persons to be assembled thereat are not the fair legal exercise of constitutional rights and privileges, but to bring into hatred and contempt the Government and Constitution of the United Kingdom as by law established, and to accomplish alterations in the laws and Constitution of the realm by intimidation and the demonstration of physical force:

Now, the Lord Lieutenant, by and with the advice of her Majesty's Privy Council, being satisfied that the said intended meeting, as proposed to be held at or near Clontarf as aforesaid, can only tend to serve the ends of factious and seditious persons, and to the violation of the public peace, do hereby strictly enjoin and forewarn all persons whatsoever that they do abstain from attendance at the meeting; and we do hereby give notice that if, in defiance of this our proclamation, the said meeting shall take place, all persons attending the same shall be proceeded against according to law.

And we do hereby order and enjoin magistrates and officers entrusted with the preservation of the public peace, and others whom it may concern, to be aiding and assisting in the execution of the law in preventing the said meeting, and in the effectual dispersion and suppression of the same, and in the detection and prosecution of those who, after this notice, shall offend in the respect aforesaid.

Given at the Council Chamber this 7th day of October, 1843. God save the Queen!

Signed by Edw. B. Sugden, F. Blackburne, T. B. C. Smith, C. Donoughmore, E. Eliot, E. Blakeney and P. Shaw, J.

As soon as this proclamation was known, Mr. O'Connell called a meeting of the Repeal Association, which was numerously attended, when it was resolved, on advice strenuously urged by Mr. O'Connell, that the meeting should be countermanded, and every means used to prevent the people from disobeying the order of the Lord Lieutenant. At the same time Mr. O'Connell declared that the Government were now agitating for repeat more vigorously than he had done, and that nothing was more calculated to assist his views than the present step. He avowed his intention of remaining in Dublin to continue the agitation, instead of proceeding to his country seat, as he had intended.

The Repeal Association issued the following proclamation:

O'CONNELL'S PROCLAMATION.
Notice.—Whereas there has appeared, under the signature of E. B. Sugden, Donoughmore, Eliot, E. Blakeney, E. Blakeney, Fred. Shaw, and T. B. C. Smith, a paper being or purporting to be a proclamation, drawn up in very loose and inaccurate terms, and manifestly misrepresenting known facts, the object of which appears to be to prevent the public meeting intended to be held tomorrow, the 8th instant, at Clontarf, in petition Parliament for the repeal of the hateful and destructive measure of the Legislative Union:

And whereas such proclamation has not appeared until late in the afternoon of this day, Saturday, the 7th inst., so that it is utterly impossible that the knowledge of its existence could be communicated in the usual official channels, or by post in time to have its contents known to the persons intending to meet at Clontarf for the purpose of petitioning as aforesaid, whereby ill disposed persons may have an opportunity, under color of said proclamation, to provoke breaches of the peace or commit violence on persons intending to proceed peaceably and legally to said intended meeting:

We, therefore, the Committee of the Loyal National Repeal Association, do most earnestly entreat request and entreat that all well-disposed persons will immediately on receiving this intimation, repair to their own dwellings, and not place themselves in peril of any collision, or of receiving any ill treatment whatsoever.

And we do further inform such persons that, without yielding in any thing to the unfounded allegations in said alleged proclamation, we deem it prudent and wise, and above all things humane, to declare that said meeting is abandoned and is not to be held.

Signed by order:

DANIEL O'CONNELL.

Saturday, 7th October, 31 P. M.

Extensive military precautions were taken on Sunday. The guards at the places where they are usually stationed in the city itself were doubled; and, with the exception of the soldiers required for that purpose, and for a reserved force stationed in Aldborough House, by ten o'clock the whole garrison was drawn up at Clontarf; and the guns of the Pigeon house, which was garrisoned by several companies of foot and artillery, were turned so as to sweep the road to Clontarf. The infantry on the ground were commanded by Col. Fane, the cavalry by Lord Cardigan, and a troop of horse artillery by Colonel Gordon.

The approaches to Conquer Hill, which were crowded by people from Dublin, Westmeath, Kildare, and the adjoining counties. The troops, however, were so arranged as to prevent any bodies of people from passing off the road, to which all passengers were strictly confined; and all persons were compelled to keep moving, so that no accumulation of crowds was permitted. On coming to the bench, in which the agitation is to be covered, and weighs 4500.

of Clontarf, about two miles from Dublin and a half a mile from the place of meeting, the multitude became very dense in deed; and the many cars and vehicles proceeding to the scene of action made their way through with much difficulty. Advancing a few hundred yards further, the brass band of the dragoons plumed in the sun, and the orderly police, endeavoring to clear the path and keep an open space along the road, were visible over the dense mass of frieze and broad cloth that occupied it. The picket was supported by all the disposable force of their regiment—the Fifth Dragoon Guards, about one hundred and fifty strong, were drawn up in double file on the other side of the road. In support of these appeared the whole of the 54th Infantry, who, their arms being piled, loomed along the parapet wall (which protects the road from the sea) or amused themselves by throwing pebbles into the sea, while their officers were taking it easy and smoking their cigars, on the curb-stones. Then appeared the red and white uniforms of the 5th Fusiliers, the majority of whom, judging from their physical energy and the touch of the blague in their conversation, appeared to be Irish men, as indeed many of the men, both of the dragoons and 54th foot, also appeared to be. The full force of this regiment was also on the ground; and directly opposite to them were the whole amount of the County Constabulary, to the number of three or four hundred, with musket, bayonet, and thirty rounds of ball cartridge. There green coated gen darmes seemed to incur the particular hostility of the populace, the manifestations of which they bore with great good humor.

Immediately in rear of the Fusiliers, jawed the mouths of two more pieces of artillery, (twelve pound howitzers), around which some fifty of the mounted artillery, in blue and red catparks, were stationed, and in support of which were drawn up the whole of the 11th Light Dragoons, (Prince Albert's), en bivouac, under the command of Lord Cardigan. The place selected for the meeting was a large field, with a gentle elevation, lying to the left of the seaward wall of Clontarf, and said to have been the place whereon the great Irish Solon, Brian Boru, defeated the Danes and their Irish allies, though with the loss of his own life. The appearance of a large force, numbering at least 2,500 or 3,000 men, was extremely imposing; but the people assembled did not seem to fear them much—the better to suppress any signs of their disaffection.

In the mean time, in the city of Dublin itself, though resembling a place in a state of siege, the people evinced no disposition to riot, and the day passed off with comparative quietness.

ARREST OF O'CONNELL.

On the 8th and 11th, great meetings of the Repeal Association were held in Dublin, at which Mr. O'Connell was present and spoke. On the 14th, Mr. O'Connell and his son were arrested upon warrants issued by Judge Burton, charging them with having conspired with others to change the laws of the realm, and with having raised money for that purpose, and with having, before various assemblies of the people, used inflammatory language. The Attorney General proceeded by indictment, and not ex-officio, if the grand jury found bills. Mr. O'Connell immediately after giving bail by entering into recognizances in the sum of £1000, with two sureties of £500 each, issued the following letter to the people of Ireland, calling upon them to keep the peace.

TO THE PEOPLE OF IRELAND.

Beloved Fellow countrymen! I announce to you that which you will hear from other quarters, namely, that I have given bail in answer to a charge of conspiracy and other misdemeanors, the first day of next term. I make this announcement in order to conjure the people, one and all, to observe the strictest and most perfect tranquility. Any attempt to disturb the public peace may be most disastrous—certainly, would be criminal and mischievous.

Attend, then, beloved countrymen, to me. Be not tempted by any body to break the peace, to violate the law, or to be guilty of any tumult or disturbance. The slightest crime against order or the public peace may ruin our beautiful and otherwise triumphant cause.

If you will, during this crisis, follow my advice, and act as I entreat you to do, patiently, quietly and legally, I think I can pledge myself to you, that the period is not far distant when our revered sovereign will open the Irish Parliament in College Green.

Every attempt of our enemies to disturb the progress of Repeal hitherto has had a direct contrary effect. This attempt will also fail, unless it be assisted by any misconduct on the part of the people. Be tranquil, then, and we shall be triumphant—I have the honor to be, your ever faithful servant.

DANIEL O'CONNELL.

Mention Sq'r. Oct. 14, 1843.

On the 16th day was entered for Dr. Gray, C. G. Duffey, Rev. P. T. Tyrrell, T. M. Ray, K. Hanett, Thomas Kearney and Thomas Steel, all leading repealers, and held to bail on information similar to that against the O'Connells.

It appears that the arrests are to have a very wide scope, including several editors of journals, and the gentlemen connected with the working of the Association. The magistrates were instructed by the Government to remain in their offices until they received intimation from the castle that their attendance was no longer required.

The latest advices state that Mr. Daniel O'Connell has finally determined to prosecute in the Court of Queen's Bench, in which the agitation is to be covered, and weighs 4500.

transferred from the Corn Exchange, for a full month at least. Mr. O'Connell's address the jury on his own behalf, and, in doing so, to enter into the whole case of the country. Certainly the course adopted by the Crown lawyers will afford the honorable and learned gentleman ample latitude, for he is bound to answer the multitude of charges brought forth, and all such other matters as shall be alleged against him.

From the Frederick Examiner, Nov. 8.

Aiding Slaves to Escape.—A Mulatto man, residing heretofore in Liberty, was arraigned on Monday last in Frederick County Court upon a charge of aiding and abetting the escape of slaves to Pennsylvania. He was convicted and sentenced to confinement for five years in the Penitentiary. There were some ten or twelve runaways whom he aided to escape, all of whom but two were arrested near Harrisburg and brought back. The runaways who were taken were the witnesses upon whose testimony this man was convicted. They say that at a camp-meeting last summer he enticed them to run away, in subsequent conferences arranged the time, terms, &c., and in prosecution of the plan agreed upon they all met near Woodsborough, where each man paid his pilotage, and all started off towards Pennsylvania. The conductor, it is represented, became intoxicated, and when day began to dawn instead of finding themselves near Gettysburg, as they had supposed was the case, they found, on taking their bearings, that they were somewhere about the latitude and longitude of Emmitsburg. Each man then took refuge in a stock of corn during the day and on the approach of night continued on their way. Their guide, who has now been convicted of inveigling them off, lost sight of them. When near Gettysburg they were overhauled and attacked by a party of pursuers, but being numerically much stronger than those by whom they were attacked, successfully defended themselves and escaped. They were afterwards overhauled in a barn near Harrisburg, and after a stout resistance, captured, with the exception of two, and brought home.

The Hon. Ambrose Spencer, the venerable ex-Chief Justice of New York, who has for forty-five years been eminent among her statesmen, has been chosen delegate from Wayne and Seneca District to the Whig National Convention. (He is the father of John C. Spencer, but another sort of politician.) The Hon. John M. Holly, of Lyons, was appointed substitute.

Meteorite Showers.—According to the theories of Professor Olmstead, and of Mr. Arago, of the French Academy of Science, and other learned persons, we shall have a recurrence of the phenomenon of meteoric showers on the night of the 12th or 13th of the present month, so that all who feel an interest in witnessing this beautiful display should be on the look-out from 12 o'clock until daylight on the nights mentioned. It is possible that meteors may be seen on both of the nights stated, and perhaps for a week preceding or succeeding, according to the condition of the atmosphere.

Acquitted.—James K. Vineyard, who last winter shot C. P. Arndt, at Madison, in the Council Chamber of Wisconsin Territory, both being members of the Legislative Council, was tried recently for manslaughter and acquitted. The prosecution is said to have been weak and inefficient, and the consequence is a verdict alike detrimental to the honor and welfare of the territory.

Bank of Pennsylvania.—The Philadelphia American of Monday says that the Bank of Pennsylvania has resumed all the ordinary banking business, which was discontinued during her late embarrassments.

Militia Fines.—The Democratic Union reminds the public that the militia fines in Pennsylvania are now but fifty cents a day, or one dollar for the two days, the legislature, at its last session, in the third section of the Appropriation bill, having so altered and reformed the law.

The Rochester Daily Democrat quotes the following passage from a speech delivered by the Hon. Henry Clay, at a Colonization meeting, in 1827:

"If I could be instrumental in eradicating this deepest stain (slavery) upon the character of our country, and remove all cause for reproach on account of it by foreign nations—if I could only be instrumental in ridding of this foul blot, that revered State (Virginia) that gave me birth—or that no less beloved State (Kentucky) which kindly adopted me as her son, I would not exchange the proud satisfaction which I would enjoy for all the honor of all the triumphs ever decreed to the most successful leader."

A colored man, named McDonald, employed by some Kentucky slaveholder, \$2 per day to ascertain the station and route of those who make it their business to run slaves to Canada, was lynched a short time since by the colored people of Springfield, Ohio. Their sable honors formed a lynch court, and with much gravity tried and sentenced the fellow to receive thirty-nine lashes on the bare back, and immediately executed the sentence! The whole matter has been brought before the Grand Jury.

The Skeleton of a huge animal has recently been discovered near Warsaw, which, when put together, would measure 46 feet in length, and 26 in 24th ult., by going out to shoot at each other with rifles at six paces. Nobody was hurt and the effect was a noble one.

Foolish.—The two editors at Vicksburg made fools of themselves on the 24th ult., by going out to shoot at each other with rifles at six paces. Nobody was hurt and the effect was a noble one.

A Candid Confession.—The editor of the Columbus Geo. Enquirer, who has been heretofore imbued with the doctrine of free trade, but who is now convinced that it is a mere chimera, comes out like a man of sense and candor and renounces the absurd and ridiculous theory. The policy of free trade may be very good in the abstract, but it is a bad system in practice. It is the highest degree for us to admit foreign products into our markets duty free, while other nations levy an exorbitant tax upon our staple commodities. The editor of the Columbus Enquirer abandons his visionary scheme, and thus admits the error into which he had fallen. Va. Liberator.

For ourselves, we are not ashamed to confess that we have fairly come over to Mr. Clay's doctrines as exposed in his very clear and eloquent speeches in the Senate of the United States. We used to be a tolerably hot-headed nullifier in our boyish days, when our heads were turned inside-out by the glittering bauble of an impracticable free trade system, which we were too foolish to think within the range of possibilities. It is one of the things that ought to be, but cannot, until all nations see eye to eye; and a retaliatory tariff, affording incidental protection to home manufactures, is the only thing that can save us from being eaten up voraciously by foreign States.

A Disclosure.—The New York Courier says:—Mike Walsh, in his speech at the Park on Wednesday evening, made a statement which throws some further light on the character of the late attempt to overthrow the constitutional Government of Rhode Island, or rather which corroborates and fortifies the universal conviction that a more wicked and atrocious rebellion never threatened the existence of any State. At about that time, Walsh said he had organized a band of three hundred men who were intending to go to Texas to seek their fortunes. They were on the very eve of starting, when they were applied to by Levi D. Slam, Jo. Hopkins, and other prominent Locofocos, and asked to go to Rhode Island and aid Tom Dorr in overthrowing the established Constitution and making himself Governor. They consented and left their employers to make all necessary arrangements. But Mike said they consented themselves with passing some windy resolutions, declaring their readiness to leave their bones bleaching in Rhode Island, &c., and in the end did nothing at all—not a bone of them moving in that direction!

A Novel Idea.—The Baltimore Sun states that a short time since, a respectable lady residing in Old Town, being desirous to test the charitable feelings of some of her friends, adopted the novel idea of dressing herself in the tattered and torn habiliments of a beggar, and with a basket on her arm and a tale of woe and suffering on her lips, proceeded to their doors, and solicited alms or cold viands for a starving family. She started out immediately after dusk, and the plan succeeded to admiration. Some drove her away from their houses with imprecations, whilst others extended to her all the attention and comfort which the woful relations of her sufferings called for. Being desirous also to test the heart of a preacher, and although unacquainted with the gentleman, she knocked at the door of the Rev. Mr. H— of the Methodist Episcopal church, who will doubtless recollect the visit. She was here received with the greatest kindness, made to sit down and partake of the best that the house could afford, whilst her basket was also filled with food for her children. The Reverend gentleman and his family acted fully up to the Scripture proverb, that he that giveth to the poor shall not lack.

A Screamer Ducked.—The Concord Intelligencer tells a story of a man who was walking ashore from that spotted boat Harry of the West—his bundle in one hand and five dollars of specie clenched in the other—on a single plank, and heedless of his way, he tripped and fell souse into the river. In an instant (says the Intelligencer) recovering himself he stuck manfully for the shore, waded out in full view of the boat, shook himself like a huge water dog, opened his hand and found but two of the shiners left—he was ungered at the plank, and with himself, furious at the loss of his money, and more than furious at the monstrous Mississippi. He looked at the plank, the boat, the river, his money, and wound up the survey by venting his spleen as follows: "I've got five dollars in this here bundle, two dollars in my hand, have just been ducked, stand five feet in my stocking feet, tolerably stout for my age, and dog my cats if I can't find any man on that boat for fight or rough and tumble. Who'll say yes? Whoop, whoop, whoop! Hurrah for old Kentucky!"

The late Thomas H. Lindsy, Esq. of St. Charles, Missouri, bequeathed upwards of \$5000 to the American Bible Society, with a request that it be employed in aid of the spread of the bible in the central regions of Asia. All his slaves, twenty one in number, are to be sent to Liberia, to do which he left his executors ample means, not only for sending them out, but for providing liberally for their wants after they get there. They will probably be ready to take their departure by the first conveyance from New Orleans next spring. He also made liberal donations to the domestic and foreign missions.

American Republican Party.—A meeting called by the general committee of the American Republican party, was held in front of the Exchange, New York, on Friday afternoon. Stephen Simmons, one of the principal advocates of this new party, read a report declaratory of the objects which the party aim to effect, viz.: an alteration in the Naturalization Laws, so as to require on the part of foreigners an actual residence in the United States of at least twenty-one years, to entitle them to the elective franchise, the repeal of the present Common School Law pertaining to foreigners or adopted citizens to offices of honor, trust, or profit, either under the City, State or General Government.

We have already had some particulars of the restoration of the Government of the Sandwich Islands to the King Kamehameha III. by the commander of an English squadron, who disavowed the act of Capt. Paulet. There was a good deal of ceremony attending the act, and after the office was performed, there was service in the native language in the churches, prayers, singing and preaching. The United States squadron, under Commodore Kearney, was there, consisting of the Constellation, Com. Kearney, United States, Com. Jones, and sloop Cyane, Captain Shelby.

Andersonstown Mob.—The Andersonstown (Indiana) Eagle states that the mob in that town, which threatened to tear down the jail to discharge a prisoner under sentence upon his own plea of guilty, and extorted from the Judge a promise to apply to the Governor for a pardon, was headed by T. McAlester, a large member of the Legislature of Indiana! It stated further that the Governor had granted the pardon so applied for.

The Rev. Mr. Fowler, the pastor of a Presbyterian church in P. M., N. Y., has quitted his sacred office at 100 years of age.

THE SOCIETY ISLANDS.

A letter in the Providence Journal, dated Tahiti, June 24, gives some details not before received from that island. It states that Lord George Paulet had been committing more depredations on the Society Islands than ever the French did on the Society Islands, although the French vessels were always there as their protector. He thinks the benevolence of the English in this respect was owing to the fact that the French got the start of them in their own views on the island. The two vessels of war had been on the point of an engagement. The natives had threatened to haul down the French Protectorate flag. The French threatened, if they did, to fire on the town. The English commander said if the Frenchman fired on the town he would fire on him. The Frenchman told him he might fire or not as he pleased; he should do as he said. In a few minutes after this friendly interchange both vessels prepared for battle. But the flag was not touched, and so the two bellicose ships did not touch each other. The writer thinks the difficulty between the two countries will grow out of this. He says:

"Our harbor now presents a lively appearance, for hardly a week passed but we have more or less ships of war arriving and departing. On the 4th of this month her Britannic Majesty's ship Satellite arrived here, thirty-five days from Valparaiso, bringing despatches from the English Admiral, a part of which we made known on the 6th to the English residents here. The English Commodore informed them that hereafter they must apply to him in case of any difficulties, as the instructions from the Admiral stated that no English hereafter residing at Tahiti were to pay any regard to the laws and ordinances of the Provisional Government. On the 5th the Hazard arrived from Hobart Town, and on the 8th she was despatched to co-operate with Lord George Paulet and his commander in the Sandwich Islands. On the 7th the French Frigate Embrace arrived here with despatches from the Admiral, the contents of which have not as yet leaked out. On the 8th and 9th the Sateime and French Frigate Bonsoile sailed for South America—rumor says to bring up all their disposable force here, for the purpose of contesting the right. There is certainly some affair of more than common occurrence in contemplation, as can be plainly seen by the faces of anxious importance worn by all who are in the great secret."

A Burglar Shot.—On the night of the 31st two burglars attempted to rob the house of Mrs. Thorp, in Broadway, Albany, by entering a bed-room through the window shutters, in which one of them, perched upon the shoulders of the other, had just succeeded in making an aperture. The fellow was about to leap through, when Mr. Aaron Rogers, a lodger in the house, discharged the contents of five barrels of a revolving pistol at him, when the burglar dropped. He was however removed by his confederate.

The tracks of the burglar were followed by drops of blood to one of the stables leading down to Little Basin, where they were lost near the grocery store of Squire Ashley, a man of bad reputation, who cannot now be found dead, or alive. It appears Ashley left home before the burglary, in company with a man named Zellman or Slimen, who about 3 o'clock A. M. the morning of the burglary, returned and told Mrs. Ashley that her husband was a dead man; that he was drowned in the basin, having fallen in when drunk. The Mayor of Albany has directed the basin to be dragged to ascertain whether the body can be found.

A Screamer Ducked.—The Concord Intelligencer tells a story of a man who was walking ashore from that spotted boat Harry of the West—his bundle in one hand and five dollars of specie clenched in the other—on a single plank, and heedless of his way, he tripped and fell souse into the river. In an instant (says the Intelligencer) recovering himself he stuck manfully for the shore, waded out in full view of the boat, shook himself like a huge water dog, opened his hand and found but two of the shiners left—he was ungered at the plank, and with himself, furious at the loss of his money, and more than furious at the monstrous Mississippi. He looked at the plank, the boat, the river, his money, and wound up the survey by venting his spleen as follows: "I've got five dollars in this here bundle, two dollars in my hand, have just been ducked, stand five feet in my stocking feet, tolerably stout for my age, and dog my cats if I can't find any man on that boat for fight or rough and tumble. Who'll say yes? Whoop, whoop, whoop! Hurrah for old Kentucky!"

The late Thomas H. Lindsy, Esq. of St. Charles, Missouri, bequeathed upwards of \$5000 to the American Bible Society, with a request that it be employed in aid of the spread of the bible in the central regions of Asia. All his slaves, twenty one in number, are to be sent to Liberia, to do which he left his executors ample means, not only for sending them out, but for providing liberally for their wants after they get there. They will probably be ready to take their departure by the first conveyance from New Orleans next spring. He also made liberal donations to the domestic and foreign missions.

In the late sale at the Bohemia Islands, a brig, supposed to be the Virginia, of Boston, with sixty passengers on board, was seen to "sink off the Islands." All hands perished, the catastrophe being in full view of the shore, but the spectators being unable to extend to them any assistance.

The Rev. Mr. Fowler, the pastor of a Presbyterian church in P. M., N. Y., has quitted his sacred office at 100 years of age.



ADAMS SENTINEL
GETTYSBURG, Pa. Nov. 13, 1843.

The foreign news, which we have copied at considerable length in the preceding page, will be found of much interest. It will be seen that the Queen has determined to put a stop to the agitation in Ireland, and that the arch-repealer, O'Connell, has been arrested, together with a number of other leaders.

Penn'a. Medical College.

The course of instruction in the Medical Department of Pennsylvania College, commenced at Philadelphia, on Thursday last, by the following Faculty:

W. Darrach—Theory and practice of Medicine.

W. R. Grant—Anatomy.

H. S. Patterson—Materia Medica.

John Waterbank—Obstetrics.

It is expected that the chairs of Surgery and Chemistry will very soon be filled—until which time lectures will be delivered upon those branches by Professors Grant and Patterson.

The packet boats on the Pennsylvania Canal will cease running on Wednesday next.

The Waynesboro' Circulator, hitherto a neutral paper, has run up the flag of Henry Clay.

"The Clay Bugle" is the title of a new paper to be commenced at Harrisburg on the 1st of January, at \$1 per year. Colin McCurdy and J. Krabart are to be the editors. It is to be especially devoted to the dissemination of genuine Whig principles, and will spiritedly advocate the election of Henry of the West. We wish them success.

A very large and vigorous Clay Club was formed last week in York. John Evans, Esq., was elected President.

A number of Sisters of Charity, from the parent institution at Emmitsburg, passed through Frederick on Tuesday last, on their way to attend the sick in the hospitals of New Orleans.

Rail-Road Accident.—The train of cars ran over a bull about 25 miles from Cumberland, on Monday evening last, killing him and throwing the engine off the track. The French, whose name was Lane, was thrown under the engine, and killed. Two others narrowly escaped. The passenger cars were not injured.

An Amazon.—Mr. Russell, late manager of the Arch street Theatre, Philadelphia, was invited into a room at the Western Hotel on Saturday evening, week, by a Mrs. Madison, who had played for him at the Theatre. When there, she attacked him with a whip and gave him a considerable flogging. He was in debt to her, and this was the only mode she could take to get satisfaction. She has been held to bail for the assault.

Murder.—John Killison, of Westmoreland county, was found murdered on the 3d inst.—a short distance above Freeport, in Armstrong county. A man named Mullin, who keeps a doggerly in Freeport, was seen in company with him a short time before the body was found. He has been arrested at Pittsburg.

GREAT YIELD OF CORN.—Mr. Augustus Shriver, of Carroll county, Md., this year planted with corn a field containing ten acres and 78 bushels, and gathered therefrom 216 barrels of corn, making an average of 99 bushels and 1 peck per acre.

The Catholic Bishop of St. Louis, Joseph Rosati, died at Rome on the 25th of September, aged 53 years. He was the founder of the first brotherhood of Lazarists in the United States.

DRUNKEN OUTRAGE AND ROBBERY.—Three ruffians broke into the dwelling of Samuel Brittingham, Worcester county, Md. on Friday week, and carried off all his colored servants, four in number, consisting of a woman 50 years of age, and her three children, 1 boy aged 17, and 2 girls aged 8 and 5 years!

THE CABINET.—The Baltimore Patriot mentions a report that there was a difficulty in the Cabinet at Washington on Monday, which ended in a breach among all the members, except Mr. Tyler and Mr. Upshur.

The news from Europe has had a highly favorable influence on the New York market. Cotton is firmer and higher, and in some instances has been sold at one quarter of a cent advance. Freights are quicker; flour, has improved; while Ashes, American Beef and other provisions show an upward tendency.

TROOPS.—The Dublin Packet, alluding to Ireland, says there are 24,000 Hanoverian troops as the soldiers as any in the world—placed at the Queen's disposal at her Majesty's disposal, if necessary, to defend her empire from the hands of traitors, and that the offer had been conditionally accepted.

The Rev. Dr. Brownlee, we are informed, was enabled to articulate a few words on Sunday, for the first time since a stroke. The inference is, that there is a mitigation of his paralysis. We hope that the great man will be able to do more in the future.

Accounts from Java of the 6th of June, 1843, state that an earthquake had occurred at that place, which destroyed a great many houses, and that the people of the interior were in a state of alarm.

List of Books for the use of the Common Schools.

The School Directors of the Borough of Gettysburg have adopted, for the use of the Public Schools, the following Books, viz:

Orthography.—Emerson's New National Spelling Book, Hazen's Speller and Definer, Cobb's Expositor, Cobb's Walker's Dictionary.

Reading.—New Testament, Emerson's Readers, No. 1, 2 and 3.

Arithmetic.—Cobb's Tables, Keith's Arithmetic.

English Grammar.—Brown's first lines in English Grammar.

Geography.—Mitchell's Primary Geography, Mitchell's School Geography and Atlas.

History.—Goodrich's Child's History of the United States, Willard's abridged History of the United States.

For the High School, in addition to the foregoing, the following:

Orthography.—Green's Scholar's Companion, Oswald's Etymological Dictionary.

Reading.—Frost's American Speaker.

Jack Halliard.

Grammar.—Brown's Institutes of English Grammar.

Composition.—Parker's Composition, Frost's easy exercises in Composition.

History.—Goodrich's Universal Common School History, Trego's History of Pennsylvania, Outlines of Sacred History, Pincock's Goldsmith's Histories of Greece, Rome and England.

Mathematics.—Gummere's Surveying, Bonycastle's Mensuration, Guy's Astronomy, Davis' Algebra, Davis' Elements and Practical Geometry, Blair's Small Philosophy.

Johnson's Maffi's Philosophy, Johnson's Maffi's Chemistry.

D. M. SMYSER, Pres't.

J. M. STEVENSON, Sec'y.

ANOTHER WHIG VICTORY!

New York Election.

The election of members of the Legislature took place in the State of New York on Tuesday last—and the Whigs have come up to the work manfully. In the City they have carried their Sheriff by a large majority, and one of the members; and the average loco majority is only 462. Last year it was between one and two thousand.

The Whigs think they would have carried all but for the Native American ticket, which received between 7 and 9000 votes, and distracted their strength. [A notice of this party will be seen in the fifth column of the preceding page.]

So far as heard from, through the State, the Whigs have gained. Schenectady county, all whig; last year 243 loco. Montgomery nearly all whig; last year 513 loco. Albany 400 whig; last year 200. Orange 300 whig gain since last year. Westchester whig the first time for many years. Columbia 700 whig gain. Partial returns have been heard from a number of counties; but enough is not yet ascertained to form an opinion as to the general result. The loco majority was so large last year, that we doubt whether the Whigs can overcome it. There is no doubt, however, it will be very much reduced.

Nicholas or Russia.—On the 19th of September a shot was fired through the carriage containing the "aide camp" of the Emperor of Russia, as the Emperor was passing through Posen. It had not been discovered whether the shot was by accident or design, but it was supposed to be an attempt upon the Emperor's life. Letters from Warsaw mention that several arrests have taken place. It is rumored that twenty shots had been fired at the carriage of the Emperor and his suite, and that by a miracle nobody had been wounded. The great darkness that prevailed rendered it impossible to seize any of the guilty.

An attempt to shoot the Pope was made at his Palace in Rome on the 27th September, by a physician, desperate for the want of money. Being refused an interview with his Holiness by the valet, in an outer chamber, he fired a pistol without effect. On a second attempt to gain an audience the next day, he was arrested, and another loaded pistol found on him.

Geisler, the man who was convicted by a verdict of the jury of murdering a Mr. Smith and his wife, on Long Island, has made a full confession of his guilt to the Priest who visited him in his prison. The testimony on which he was convicted, was thought by many too slight to warrant the verdict, and a collection of money was already making among the Germans to pay the expenses of further proceedings in his case. Geisler is said also to have confessed that he murdered a man in Europe, before he came to this country.—N. Y. Post.

John Quincy Adams.—The Cleveland Herald of Nov. 1st, announces the arrival of John Quincy Adams at that place. He took them quite by surprise, so they had no time to ring their bells and fire their cannon. He addressed the citizens of the place in the church. He spoke of the growing prosperity of the West and of the reception he had everywhere met with in the most enthusiastic terms. He was greeted with three cheers when he sat down. His progress is like a triumphal march, and the old man eloquent seems to enjoy his Western tour greatly. He left the same afternoon for Lebanon, and expected to be in Columbus on Saturday.

O'Connell has given great offence to all the French papers by offering a brigade of Irishmen to assist in putting the Duke of Bordeaux on the throne, provided he will grant a charter to France.

In Dublin, to be a municipal elector, a man must pay about a dozen local taxes within a specified time. The result is, that out of about 22,000 householders, the new burgess list contains only 1,000 names.

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England and China.

The great object of the Chinese war has been fully attained—at least the primary object. A treaty has been established which secures to England all the advantages of trade which could have been hoped for as the result of the most protracted war. China is now to become a vast market for British manufactures.

The terms of the new Chinese tariff for an arrangement confined exclusively to the trade with Great Britain, does not appear very clearly—although the impression is decidedly that the latter view is to be taken. It can hardly be supposed that England would make stipulations for the benefit of other nations, after an expensive war in which she had by her own power alone brought her terms.

Our envoy to China will arrive just in time to find an arrangement highly favorable to a peculiar nation in full force. His efforts towards procuring an extension of the like commercial favors to the United States may perhaps call forth a strong opposition on the part of the British agents there, not openly, but none the less decided on that account.

Since we have had the effrontery to send American cotton goods to London, the British manufacturers cannot find it in their hearts to dismiss their fears of American competition. Nay they have been met by that competition in markets which they once controlled at will, and they have found it too much for them.

Of course they will not relish the idea of having to combat American enterprise and ingenuity in the markets of China. It is indeed stated in British papers just received that the late shipments of American cotton goods to Canton have not turned out well—that the staple is not liked by the Chinese, and that the shippers must suffer such losses as cannot but discourage any further ventures of the kind. But this account is to be taken with many grains of allowance.

If equal facilities are allowed to our manufacturers with those extended to the British, there can be no doubt whatever of an active competition—perhaps we may say there can be no doubt of the final triumph of American skill and industry.

But the new Chinese tariff, whether general in its application, or limited to the British trade, is a most important achievement. It must work a complete revolution in the commercial affairs of the Celestial empire, and eventually in all the departments of government and society in that quarter. Chinese isolation exists no longer. The barriers of political and social exclusiveness, more repellent of intercourse than the great wall has ever been, are now broken down, to be reared no more. The civilization of the West will now meet that of the East, and the genius of the more active and powerful must prevail.

The Boston Journal of Monday afternoon says that a letter has been received at that port from Canton, stating that American vessels were to be admitted at that port on the same footing with the British.

The importance of the late Whig triumph in Ohio has not been properly understood if, as is stated, all State officers are appointed by joint ballot, and the State representatives are to be apportioned this year in the same way.

Shameful.—The militia law of Rhode Island does not exempt females from performing militia duty, and several have been arrested and confined for disobeying said law. In this respect Rhode Island is some centuries behind the enlightened spirit of the age.

The law should be changed immediately, that this disgrace to the State may no longer exist. The ladies have held a meeting on the subject, and resolved, that, as they are compelled to do militia duty, they are entitled to a committee of two has been appointed to request a supply of arms from the quartermaster general. And they have also appointed a committee of four women to obtain a suitable woman to instruct them in military tactics. Should they succeed in forming an Amazonian phalanx, those who passed the obnoxious law may be made to feel that a woman's vengeance towers above her sex.—Union.

The Latest Discovery.—Extemporaneous Milk.—The London Lancet says that a Russian chemist has found out a method of ensuring a supply of milk extemporaneously. He evaporates newly drawn milk; at a gentle heat, until it is converted into a fine powder, which is kept in closely bound bottles, and affords good milk on being mixed with water, even after a lapse of time.

A Censorious Case.—An account from Florida states that a party of gentlemen on their way from a Southern settlement to St. Augustine, were short of provisions, and fortunately discovered two bears with their cubs. A fire was commenced upon the younger branches, and they were both wounded—but the old ones assisted them off, running by their sides, and stopping occasionally at pine trees, from whence they were seen to tear off some bark. The pursuit was continued by the gentlemen, firing upon the younger animals until they were killed, and when examined it was found that the bark was inserted in their wounds by their careful mamma! This is a true circumstance, and well worthy of notice.

The Opium Trade.—The Boston Journal says that late advices from China state that the Emperor has not abated in his hostility to the use of this pernicious drug. But native informants allege that he has been so sickened with the results of the war, which grew out of his interference with the opium trade, that the local mandarins have orders to shut their eyes to the daily infractions of the law. This will explain the immunity granted to the opium vessels at Shanghai, and the open manner in which opium is landed, sold and smoked at Canton, by and in the presence of the imperial officers.

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AN ANECDOTE.—The Knickerbocker relates the following on the authority of Mr. Robert Tyler:

"The old negro who receives and ushers visitors at the President's mansion is always very precise in his announcements. On one occasion a gentleman named Foot, with a daughter on each arm, was shown into the drawing room with the introduction, 'Mr. Foot and the two Miss Feet!'"

MARRIED.

On the 2d inst. by the Rev. H. L. Baugher, Mr. Charles Trone, to Miss Anna Sierce—both of Cumberland county.

On the 20th inst. by the Rev. T. V. Gehart, Mr. Jacob Reber, to Miss Mary, daughter of Mr. Joseph Doll—all of this county.

On the 31st ult. by the same, Mr. Henry Bollinger, to Miss Ann Maria, eldest daughter of Mr. George Omer—all of this county.

On the 9th inst. by the Rev. B. Keller, Mr. Jesse Wright, to Miss Margaret Piltenger—both of Tyrone township.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. Martin Sheeler, to Miss Amanda Golden—both of Straban township.

On Tuesday last, by the Rev. Mr. Sentman, Mr. William Morrison, of Frederick county, to Miss Peninah Jones, of Carroll county, Md.

On the 10th September, in Logansport, Indiana, Rev. James Buchanan, in the 61st year of his age; formerly pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Greenacastle.

On the 21st inst. at Welsh Run, Franklin county, Rev. Robert Kennedy, pastor of the Presbyterian Church of that place.

Baltimore Price Current.

Flour	4 12
Wheat	90 to 1 00
Rye	52 to 54
Corn	45 to 52
Oats	21 to 23
Beef Cattle	3 00 to 4 25
Hams	5 to 6
Lard	6 to 7

Teacher Wanted.

The School Directors of the Borough of Gettysburg, want a Male Teacher, to take charge of a School, about to be established. Applications in writing, to be handed to some member of the Board before Saturday the 18th instant.

JOHN M. STEVENSON, Sec'y.

Nov. 13.

DIVIDEND.

Bank of Gettysburg, NOVEMBER 7, 1843.

THE President and Directors of this Institution, have this day declared a Dividend of

Two and a half per cent.

payable on or after the 13th instant.

J. B. M'PHERSON, Cashier.

Nov. 13.

Trial List—Nov. Term.

Catharine Miller vs Joseph E. Hemler, surviving executor of Henry Hemler, dec'd.

Charles Seiler vs Jacob Lohr.

Jacob Waggoner vs Same.

Michael C. Clarkson vs John Slemz.

Bernhart Gardner vs John Saunders.

Use Charles Sprengle vs Jacob Ziegler.

George Ziegler, Ephraim Martin and David Ziegler.

William Melvaine vs Henry Gitt.

James Bell vs George Shultz.

Ex'rs of Joseph Shanefelter, dec'd, vs Jacob Hemler and wife.

Fl. Gilliland vs S. Witherow & T. C. Miller.

Eliza Bear, widow of John Bear, vs Jacob Sheely.

The Commissioners of Adams Co. vs Robert Douglas.

Mary Myers, Executrix of Henry Myers, dec'd, vs Armore Bigham.

John Le Gubnerator and John Eckenrode, jr. vs John Shultz and wife, Christiana Chambers, John Eckenrode and others.

FOR ARGUMENT.

William McGrew vs George Weaver.

Lott Ensey & Co. vs Michael Lauver.

Walker and Kimberly vs Same.

The Commissioners of Adams Co. vs Robert Douglas.

Bernhart Gardner vs Zephaniah Herbert.

Robert Campbell vs John Bowers.

Grand Jury.

James Renshaw.

George Dearborn.

John Harman.

Daniel Gardner.

John McCleary.

Henry Rupp.

Frederick Diehl.

Thomas F. Frazier.

Henry Steinnor.

Albert Vanduyke.

Joseph Alldrich.

Jacob Wunderlich.

Robert Taylor.

Ephraim Martin.

Quinton Armstrong.

John C. Ellis.

John Flickinger, sen.

George Ickes.

Peter Miller.

Jacob Sheffer.

John Mater.

Levi Miller.

John Hotterter, jr.

Enoch Lefever.

Amos Lefever.

William Weikert.

William Mondorf.

Wm. Harbacher.

James Dicks.

Daniel Schriver.

Nov. 13.

Gettysburg Troop.

YOE will parade in Gettysburg on Monday the 27th inst. at 10 o'clock. A. M. JOHN KELLY, O. S.

Nov. 13.

Public Meeting.

A Meeting will be held in Petersburg (York Springs) on Saturday afternoon, the 18th inst. at 2 o'clock, p. m. for the purpose of discussing the subject of Universal Liberty, the principles of Government and measures of National Policy. Several addresses may be expected, by distinguished citizens from other States.

Nov. 13.

MONEY FOUND.

A SUM of money was picked up in the street on one of the days of last week and is in possession of the subscriber. The owner can receive it by describing amount, &c. and paying for advertising.

SAMPSON S. KING.

Gettysburg, Oct. 30.

ELECTION.

Bank of Gettysburg.

Oct. 9, 1843.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders in the Bank of Gettysburg, that an election for THIRTEEN DIRECTORS, to serve one year, will be held at the Banking-house, on Monday the 20th of November next.

J. B. M'PHERSON, Cashier.

NOTICE.

LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of JOHN WEAGLY, late of Liberty township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, they hereby give notice to those indebted to said Estate, to call and settle the same, and those who have claims, to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

WM. C. WEAGLY.

JACOB WEAGLY.

GEORGE F. WEAGLY.

Oct. 30.

The first named Executor resides in Waynesboro', Franklin county; the two last in Hamilton township, Adams county.

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